

EPTRI Paediatric Research Needs Survey

Key Findings and Strategic Implications

Presentation to the EMA Paediatric Committee (PDCO)



Paediatric Research Needs Survey

The survey captures stakeholder-reported research needs, evidence gaps and barriers across the paediatric research and innovation pathway to inform future priorities.

Section A

Respondent profile

Who is responding?

- Organisation **type and size**
- Involvement across **research stages** and **innovation areas**.

Section B

Research priorities, gaps & barriers

What is missing? What blocks progress?

- Priority evidence, knowledge and product-development **gaps**
- Operational, regulatory and system **barriers** to progress

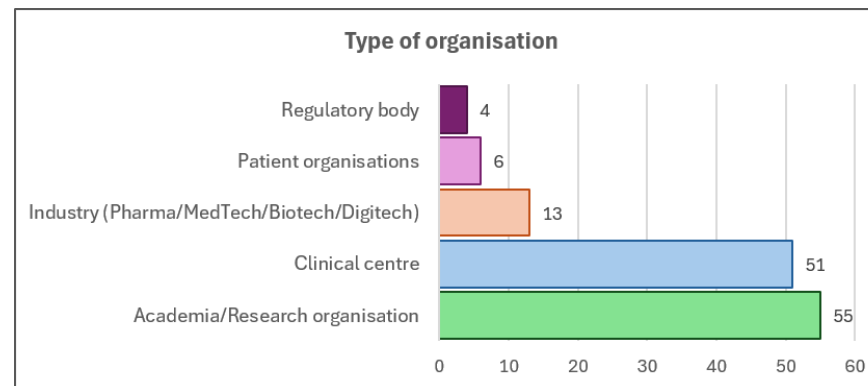
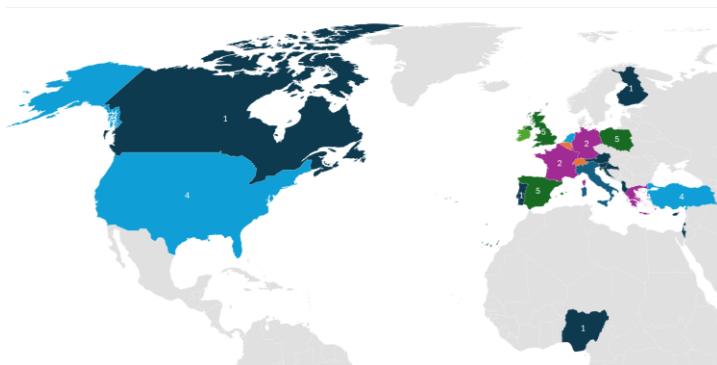
Section C

Support needs & implementation priorities

What support could enable progress?

- Cross-cutting **support needs** and preferred **collaboration models**
- Dedicated question modules for **clinical centres, industry, academia, patient organisations and regulatory bodies**.

Additional sections explored **service value and access (D)**, **final insights (E)** and **optional follow-up (F)**



The current sample is predominantly academic and clinical (**106 of 129 respondents**), with smaller representation from industry, patient organisations and regulatory bodies.

Note: The survey is ongoing; findings reflect responses collected to date.

Key findings across the survey

Current findings show where activity is concentrated, which gaps and barriers persist, and what support is most needed.

SECTION A

Research profile & activity areas

CURRENT ACTIVITY



Clinical studies



RWD / registries

EARLY & TRANSLATIONAL ACTIVITY

35/32

Early phases
drug development

32

Biomarkers

24

Diagnostics

Activity is strongly clinical, with RWD/registries as a second pillar. Early development, biomarkers and diagnostics also show a meaningful translational activity base.

SECTION B

Evidence gaps & barriers

LEADING EVIDENCE GAPS

- RWD & registries · 59
- Validated biomarkers & endpoints · 46
- Paediatric clinical evidence · 45

MAIN BARRIERS TO PROGRESS

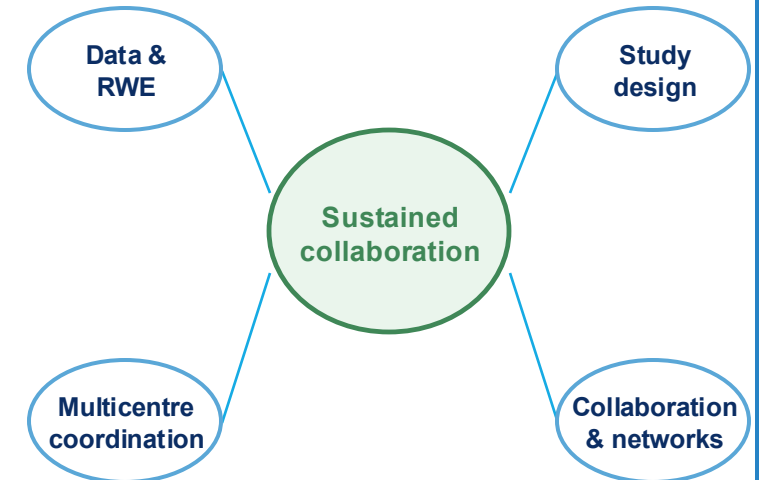
**Funding · Recruitment & Feasibility ·
Regulatory & Ethics**

Evidence gaps are compounded by implementation barriers; their relative weight varies across stakeholder groups.

SECTION C

Support needs & collaboration

SHARED SUPPORT PRIORITIES



Shared priorities converge on data/RWE, study design, multicentre support and networking, best delivered through integrated, long-term collaboration.

➤ Across the survey, three connected priorities emerge: **robust paediatric evidence, feasible delivery and sustained collaboration.**

From Paediatric Research Needs to Coordinated Action: Key Conclusions

01

Evidence priorities

Across the research continuum, the clearest gaps concern **paediatric RWD and registries, validated endpoints and outcome measures, and paediatric-specific clinical evidence**. Together, they point to the need for evidence that is sufficiently robust and usable for decision-making.

02

Barriers to progress

Progress is constrained primarily by **limited funding, recruitment and study feasibility, and regulatory and ethics complexity**. Additional barriers related to data, access and patient involvement vary across stakeholder groups.

03

What enables progress

Respondents prioritise practical support for **data and RWE, study design, multicentre coordination and networking**. They favour **long-term, integrated collaboration over one-off advice**, with delivery adapted to stakeholder-specific needs.



Take-home message

The survey points to a continuity gap rather than a single missing capability. Progress requires long-term, coordinated support connecting robust evidence generation, accessible data and feasible multicentre delivery, while addressing stakeholder-specific needs from the outset.

[LINK: Paediatric Research Needs Survey](#)